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Unit People and Jobs

- Getting Ready: Job titles
- Text A: Job Titles, Sometimes Crazy
- Grammar: Time prepositions
- Text B: Sales Assistant
- Vocational Focus: Applying for a Job
- Listening and Speaking: Pronunciation, phone conversation, company description
- Practical Writing: Taking a message
- Practical Learning: Email and Internet symbols

Getting Ready

A What do you do? Listen to six people answering this question and complete the following sentences using the words and phrases in the box.

flight attendant German bank in between jobs engineer trainee import and export company



- 1. I work in an import and export company . Most of our business is done in English.
- 2. I'm a . I need English to understand what my passengers want.
- 3. I work for a ______, but they are sending me to an American branch, so I need to brush up my English.
- 4. I'm . I'm trying to improve myself, especially my English.
- 5. I'm an ______. I'm working on a project with a Korean company, but English is used in all the meetings.
- I'm a ______ in a hotel. I'm working in the Marketing Department, and we use English all the time.

Vocational Note

Useful Job Titles (职位)

If you don't know what your job is called in English, say

- what kind of company or organization you work for;
- what you do.

B Match each job title with the job description. Then work with your partner and list more job titles.

1. actress	a. a professional cook
2. chef	b. a person whose job is to keep or check financial records
3. dentist	c. a girl/woman who performs on the stage, on TV, or in movies
4. accountant	d. a person whose job is to cut, wash and shape hair
5. firefighter	e. a person whose job is to take care of people's teeth
6. hairdresser	f . a person who controls a plane
7. model	g. a person whose job is to wear and show new styles of clothes
8. pilot	h. a person whose job is to put out fires

Text A

Job Titles, Sometimes Crazy

A job title is a brief description of a position held by an employee. Job titles are used by employers to categorize positions in their organizations. When employers offer a new job, the job advertisement will always include a job title. Job seekers can search for jobs using job titles or keywords of a job title.

2 Job titles are used on résumés to list your work experience. Usually the company you worked for and a description of the job responsibilities are also included. For example:

Assistant Editor

New Time Weekly

202X – Present

- · Editing magazine articles
- · Writing and publishing articles for the magazine website
- · Writing summaries on current events and news around the world

Different job titles are categorized by industry, type of job, occupation, career field, and position level. A job title should describe the responsibilities of the position, the level of the job, or both. For example, job titles often include words such as executive, manager, director, chief, supervisor, etc. to indicate management positions. There are also words in job titles that show what the person does on the job, e.g. chef, accountant, housekeeper, firefighter, programmer, actor, model, mechanic, etc.

4 But have you ever heard of any unbelievable job titles that you didn't know anything about? Check out the following crazy job titles that really exist!

- **5 1. Hair Boiler** The person who boils animal hair until it curls.
 - 2. Oyster Floater He/She "floats" oysters in water to free them of any dirty things.
 - 3. Accounting Ninja This is someone who is very, very skilled in accounting.
 - 4. Cheese Sprayer You can see this person spraying cheese or butter on popcorn.
 - **5.** Conversation Architect Surprisingly enough, this job title is also known as a Digital Marketing Manager.
 - 6. Digital Overlord This is another name for a Website Manager!
 - Chick Sexer An odd title, but very real. A chick sexer is someone who determines the sex of chickens.



- Animal Colorist The clue is in the title; it's a person who changes animals' hair colors for movies.
- 9. Light Bender A person with this job title will be responsible for making neon lights.
- 10. Beverage Dissemination Officer It's a very "fancy" name for a bartender.





accounting /ə'kaontıŋ/ *n*. 会计学 architect /'ɑ:(r)kıtekt/ *n*. 建筑师 career /kə'rɪə(r)/ *n*. 职业,生涯;事业 categorize /'kætəgəraız/ *vt*. 分类 clue /klu:/ *n*. 线索 current /'kʌrənt/ *a*. 最近的,当前的 digital /'dɪdʒɪtl/ *a*. 数字的,数码的 editor /'edɪtə(r)/ *n*. 编辑 employee /ım'pləɪi:/ *n*. 雇员,职员 fancy /'fænsi/ *a*. 别致的,奇特的 keyword /'ki:w3:(r)d/n. 关键词
management /'mænid3mant/n. 管理人员, 管
理部门, 管理层
occupation / pkju'petfn/n. 职业
position /pa'ztfn/n. 职位, 职务
publish /'pAbltf/ v. 出版; 发表
responsibility /rr.sponsa'brlati/n. 责任, 义务
résumé /'rezju:met/n. 简历
summary /'sAmari/n. 摘要, 总结

Phrases or Expressions

be responsible for... 对……负责 check out 看一看,查看 free sb./sth. of... 从某人 / 某物上清除…… hear of... 听说过…… job advertisement 招聘广告 job seeker 求职者 search for... 寻找…… skilled in... 在……方面熟练 work experience 工作经验

Understanding your reading

Decide whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F) according to Text A.

- () 1. A job title is a brief introduction of a position held by an employer.
- () 2. When a company offers a new job, the job ad will include a job title.
-) 3. The responsibilities of an assistant editor include editing articles, writing summaries and articles.
- () 4. A job title should tell people the workplace and the level of the job.
 -) 5. A Cheese Sprayer may work at a cinema or a sports center.

Language Focus

A Choose the correct form of the words to complete the following sentences.

- 1. responsible, responsibly, responsibility
 - a. I'm for designing the new high-speed railway project.
 - b. The organization needs to speak more
 - c. She doesn't feel ready to take on new
- 2. manage, manager, management
 - a. Our new product ______ is too young for such a big position.
 - b. The ______ is considering closing the old factory.
 - c. You need to learn how to your time effectively.
- 3. employ, employer, employee, employment
 - a. The company has worked to attract younger
 - b. She has been out of for three years.
 - c. Mr. Zhang is currently as a Professor of Electronics.
 - d. This company is one of the largest in the area.

B Match the words in Column A with the appropriate phrases in Column B.

- A
- 1. search
- 2. skilled
- 3. categorize
- 4. write
- 5. publish

- В
- a. a new book on business
- b. for a job
 - c. in time management
 - d. a summary of the report
- e. types of jobs

C Complete the sentences below with the correct form of the words and phrases in the box.

	résumé	experience	occupation	current				
	fancy	position	check out	hear of				
1. She was offered	l the	of Sales Ma	inager.					
				ve can't understa	nd him.			
3. The opportuniti	 He always uses words in his speech; sometimes we can't understand him. The opportunities of promotion (升职) will depend on your previous and qualifications (资格). 							
4. I'll need to	the	se sales figures a	gainst last year's.					
5. You can post (发	t布) your	on the	job website free	of charge.				
6. He gave up his								
- 7. Our		n situation is not						
8. l've never	the	name of the com	pany before.					
Study the italic same structure								
1. Example: There	1. Example: There are also words in job titles that show what the person does on the job, <i>e.g.</i> chef,							
accountant, hou	usekeeper, fir	efighter, program	mer, actor, model	, mechanic, etc.				
<u>a</u> .								

练习册里有各种各样的 (a variety of) 练习题,例如连线题、填词游戏和翻译题。

Ь.

很多语言,例如英语和法语,都有相似的词。

2. Example: He/She "floats" oysters in water to *free* them *of* any dirty things.

ą.

这些锻炼可以消除我们身体的紧张 (tension)。

Ь.

我们应该清除公司网站 (website) 上的任何广告。

E Translate the following sentences into Chinese.

- 1. Job seekers can search for jobs using job titles or keywords of a job title.
- 2. Job titles are used on résumés to list your work experience.
- 3. Different job titles are categorized by industry, type of job, occupation, career field and position level.
- 4. But have you ever heard of any unbelievable job titles that you didn't know anything about?
- 5. You can see this person spraying cheese or butter on popcorn.

Grammar

Time Prepositions 时间介词

at用来谈论某事发生的时刻: ■ The train left at 4:45 p.m. at the end和at the beginning分别表示某事结束和开始: at ■ Louis was excited at the beginning of the show, and he was tired at the end. 注: 我们常说at the weekend。at也可以和节日连用,如at Christmas(圣诞节), at Easter(复活节), at Spring Festival (春节)等。 in表示某事发生于较长的一段时间之内: ■ In 2018, I graduated from York Business College. ■ We went to Harbin in summer. in还表示完成某事需要多少时间: ■ The guests finished their meal in half an hour. in还表示经过多久以后某事即将发生: in ■ Let's meet in an hour (from now). in the end表示某事花费的时间比我们预料的要长,或者某事的结果出乎意料: ■ Derek thought he had failed the exam, but in the end he did really well. ■ The task took me three days, but I finished it in the end. in time (for...) 表示某事足够早、及时: ■ I hope the Browns arrive in time for dinner. on 表示某事发生在特定的某天或某个具体的日期: ■ I think the party is on June 8. Yes, it's on her birthday. on 表示某事发生在特定的某天的上午、下午或晚上: on ■ Their meeting will be on the morning of May 1. on time是指"按时、准时": ■ I hope we get to the station on time! I don't want to miss the train. during用在名词之前,指某事和另外一件事同时发生,或者表示某事在一个比较长的时间段内发 during 生,常译成"在……期间"。 During that afternoon Miss Zhao cleaned her office completely before是指某事在另一件事之前发生,常译成"在·····之前" before ■ Terry talked to William before the interview. after是指某事在另一件事之后发生,常译成"在……之后": after ■ They went to have coffee after the play. for是指某事持续多长时间: for ■ Tony and his father talked on the phone for twenty minutes. from是指某事什么时间开始,常译成"从……"; till或until是指某事延续到什么时间,常译成"直 from...till/ 到……" until ■ The construction of this road will last from April until October! since表示仍然在持续的某事从何时开始,常译成"自从·····": since ■ His friend has been working at the bookstore since August. by表示某事在某个特定时间之前发生或完成,常译成"到……为止": by ■ My parents will be here by this evening. ■ By the time we got there, the film was over.

7



The <u>underlined</u> prepositions are wrong in the following phone conversation. Write the correct word at the bottom using the prepositions mentioned above. Then listen and check your answers.

- JULIA: Hello? Is that you, Frank? I've been waiting here ⁰ at half an hour!
- **FRANK:** Hi, Julia. I'm sorry. I've been stuck in traffic¹ in ages.
- JULIA: Where are you now? I can't stay here ². <u>by</u> much longer. I have this parking spot(停车位) ^{3.} to another ten minutes, but ^{4.} for that I'll have to move my car.
- **FRANK:** I'm still on the Solo Road, but traffic is moving a bit faster now. I should be there ⁵. <u>for</u> about ten minutes.
- JULIA: Maybe I should move my car now. We'll need time to discuss my contract (合同)⁶. <u>from</u> you get here. I'll wait ⁷. <u>on</u> 4:30 and then move my car, so if I leave ⁸. <u>at</u> you arrive, just wait here. I'll be back ⁹. at a few minutes when I find a new parking place.
- FRANK: We shouldn't have planned to meet ^{10.} <u>in</u> a Saturday ^{11.} <u>until</u> the busiest time of day! To tell you the truth, I sometimes think public transport (公共交通) would be easier.

0. for	36	9	
1	4. 7.	10.	
2	5 8	11.	



Sales Assistant

R&D INTERNATIONAL is looking for an experienced Sales Assistant to join our growing team. The successful candidate should have at least 3 years' experience in a similar position, have excellent communication skills, and be able to work as part of a team. Good English and IT skills are also essential.



Por further details and an application form, please contact Miss Julia Young at 8834 66523, or fax us at 8834 66520, or email us at julia.y-hr@R&Dinternational.com.

B Please visit our website at www.R&Dinternational.com.

(1-6) Word List

candidate /'kændɪdeɪt/ n. 候选人 communication /kəˌmju:nɪ'keɪʃn/ n. 交流,沟通 essential /ɪ'senʃl/ a. 至关重要的,必不可少的 experienced /ɪk'spɪəriənst/ a. 经验丰富的 Phrases or Expressions

application form 申请表 at least 至少

Vocational Focus

Applying for a Job

Work in groups. You read the job advertisement (Text B) on a job hunting website, and you are applying for the job of Sales Assistant in R&D INTERNATIONAL. Prepare for the job application.



Step 1

Prepare for your résumé. Which of the following should be included in a good résumé? Check (V) them. Discuss with your team members and add anything that you think is missing from the list.

- Your photo
- □ Your education background
- ☐ Your past jobs

- ☐ Your age, height, weight and sex
- ☐ Your personal interests
- □ References from past employers

 Step 2
 Write your résumé. The following is an extract of a résumé. Fill in the blanks with the words and phrases in the box.

 a. Work Experience
 b. Interests

 c. Personal Details
 d. Qualifications

- 1.
- Name: Jason Kang
- · Email: jason.k@hotmail.com
- 2.
- · Jan. 2021 present, Sales Assistant, Maloka Trade, Shanghai, China
- Sept. 2019 Dec. 2010, Sales and Marketing Assistant, KLM Import and Export, Sydney, Australia
- 3.
- · Certificate in Marketing
- BA of English (Southeast City College)
- 4.
- Football, cooking, travelling

Step 3

Write an application letter. Read the following application letter and complete it with the words and phrases in the box.

abilities	advertised	applying for	considering
deal with	developed	practical experi	ience

Dear Miss Julia Young,

I am ¹______ the position of Sales Assistant recently ^{2.}______ in the *New City Weekly*. The sales and marketing skills I have ^{3.}_____ from my past work experience and my educational background support myself for the position.

I worked as a Sales and Marketing Assistant at KLM Import and Export in Sydney for over a year (between 2019 and 2020), and I learned how to effectively description customers and their demands. The past years I had with Maloka Trade provided me with an opportunity to gain ^{5.} with developing a large number of sales partners.

I would like an opportunity to discuss your specific needs and my work regarding the position of Sales Assistant in your company. You can contact me at 13123456789 or email me at jason.k@hotmail.com. Thank you for ^{7.} _____ me for this position.

Sincerely,

Jason Kang

Enclosure(s)



Luckily you have received an invitation for the job interview from R&D INTERNATIONAL. Read the email and complete the headers with the words in the box.

	Attachments	From	Sent	Subject	то	
a b c d e	: Jaso : 30.0 : Inte	-	ijason.k@ 10:23:56 vitation	hotmail.c	ernational om>	com >
	Dear Mr. Kang, Thank you for app like to invite you make sure that yo address of our cor I am looking forwa Yours sincerely, Julia Young Human Resources	for an inf u can atte npany and rd to mee	terview c end it on t d directio	n August hat date. ns to my c	3 at 10:0 Please see) a.m. Please
thank	fter receiving such s, and confirm that ositions in the box. at on	you can	attend th	e intervie	ew. Compl	
				to c	n 7	
	Dear Miss Young,			to c	in C	
		e intervie	email date	ed ^{2.} ok forwarc	July 30.	neeting you ^{4.}



After a very successful interview, you have been offered the job. Miss Julia Young wrote you another email. Read her email and complete it with the phrases in the box.

as soon as possible	be grateful if	congratulate you on
look forward to	offer you the position	on sign and return

Work with your team members. Match the halves of the following sentences and use them to write a reply to Miss Julia Young.

- 1. Thank you
- 2. I am very happy to accept the offer
- 3. I have faxed to you
- 4. Thank you for giving me the opportunity
- 5. I look forward to starting

- a. my new position on August 10.
- b. of the position of Sales Assistant.
- c. to work with R&D INTERNATIONAL.
- d. for your letter.
- e. the signed contract.



Dear Miss Young,
Thank you
Yours sincerely,
Jason Kang
thanks
Skill focus
Listening and Speaking
Listen to the English alphabet and repeat. Pay attention to their pronunci ations. Then complete the spelling table.

A a	Вb	Сс	D d	Еe	Ff	Gg
/eɪ/	/biː/	/siː/	/di:/	/i:/	/ef/	/d3i:/
Ηh	li	Jj	Kk	LI	M m	N n
/eɪtʃ/	/aɪ/	/d3e1/	/keɪ/	/el/	/em/	/en/
0 0	Рр	Qq	R r	S s	Tt	
/əʊ/	/pi:/	/kjuː/	/a:(r)/	/es/	/tiː/	
Uu	Vv	Ww	Хх	Yу	Zz	
/juː/	/viː/	/ˈdʌbljuː/	/eks/	/waɪ/	/zed/ or /zi:/	

/eɪ/	/i:/	/aɪ/	/ວʊ/	/ju:/	/a:/	/e/
А						F
	С			V		
						Z
	Z					

B Listen to the following conversation. Work in pairs, choose another name in the box below to replace the <u>underlined</u> name, and practise the conversation with your partner.

- A: Hello, Sunny Engineering. How can I help you?
- B: Hello, this is <u>Ben Jenkins</u> of East Energy Services. May I speak to Miss Mary Baker?
- A: Sorry, she isn't in her office at the moment. May I take a message?
- B: Yes, thank you.
- A: Please hold on for a moment... OK, would you spell your name, please?
- B: Yes, my name is Ben Jenkins. That is B-E-N, J-E-N-K-I-N-S.
- A: <u>B-E-N, J-E-N-K-I-N-S</u>. Yes, Mr. Jenkins, please tell me your message...



Alex Disney Andrea Kauffmann David McMahon Gary Wilkerson Laurence Woo Luis Angleton Stephen Liu Vivian Sheffield

Listen to the following ten sentences and complete them with the correct form of the words and phrases in the boxes. Then listen again and repeat.

auto a history electronics hotel logistics information technology restaurant chain retail chain sports equipment television network

broadcast design develop locate make manufacture operate produce provide sell specialize in

1. Haier is a big <u>electronics</u> firm, a other home appliances.	and it <u>produces</u> air-conditioners, fri	dges, washing machines, and				
	companies in China, ar	companies in China, and they				
different types of cars.						
	in England, and it	has of				
over 810 years.						
	in China, and it	various programs to				
China and the whole world thro						
	enterprise, and it	all kinds of				
goods in its supermarkets.						
	corporation and it	hundreds of				
hotels around the world.						
7. KFC is the world's second largest	t	fried chicken, and is				
headquartered in Kentucky, the		,				
	company, and it	international express mai				
services.	• "	·				
9. Anta is China's largest	manufacturer that	and				
sports apparel, footwear, and se						
	gest company. It	and				
	roducts including smart phones, cor					
Haier FAW The second	to complete the following message.					
Time and Date: 9:14 a.m., Oct 9						
Name: Ben Jenkins						
Telephone number:						
Mobile:						
Email address:						
Message: can't meet on Friday,						

Practical Learning

Email and Internet Symbols



Workplace

Unit

- Getting Ready: Office items
- Text A: My Ideal Workplace—Several Things I Look for in a Job
- Grammar: Space prepositions
- Text B: The Office Building
- Vocational Focus: Your first day at work
- Listening and Speaking: Pronunciation, workplace description, office tools
- Practical Writing: Describing a place
- Practical Learning: Different workplaces

Getting Ready

A Look at the picture and match the words in the box and the numbers in the picture.



B Work in pairs. Categorize the words in the box. Add as many words as you can.

- calculator
- chair
- clear tape
- coffee spoon
- cup
- cupboard
- desk
- desk lamp
- dictionary
- eraser
- fax machine
- folder



- handbag
- laptop
- marker
- notebook
- paper clips
- photos
- photocopier
- post-it notes
- scissors
- shredder
- stapler
- telephone

Office furniture:	
Office machines:	
Desktop equipment:	
Stationery:	
Personal belongings:	

Text A

My Ideal Workplace —Several Things I Look for in a Job

While working in the same profession over the past eight years, I sometimes thought about quitting my job and searching for a better one. This usually happened when I was super stressed or bored. This summer, I found myself thinking about looking for a new job again, but instead of deciding on a new position, I asked myself, "What would be my ideal workplace?"

If you had the chance to design your ideal workplace, what would it be like? First, I like to make sure that it is clean and safe, because that's the very least anyone should expect from their work. Also, I expect good technology as a baseline: computers, phones, quality office machines, and a solid Wi-Fi connection. Considering all the diverse ways we work nowadays, I think I've come up with what I consider to be the ideal workplace.

Professionally Designed Offices

Sure, you can ask your office manager to buy a few plants and hire a guy to paint the wall, but nothing is better than a workplace that has been professionally designed and decorated. Having a designer help think about the work flow, develop the workspace, and convey the company's culture – this demonstrates another level of respect for employees.

Open Work Areas

4 It's easy to turn your head and conduct a conversation when you're in the same space with your colleagues. Open space helps make work effective and encourages great new ideas.



Plenty of Smaller Meeting Rooms

5 Although open space can produce energy, sometimes you need a personal space in which you can work by yourself. Smaller rooms next to the open space allow you to write emails quietly, make phone calls, or have small meetings. I think smaller meeting rooms are precious spaces that should be provided in a company.

Large Meeting Space with Modern Technology

6 For meetings with more than five people, it's important to have a large space where you can watch presentations when working together. A large conference table, comfortable chairs, whiteboards, projectors, good lighting, and an updated computer system go a long way. An ideal meeting space with modern technology makes teamwork more productive.

Games and Physical Fun

Whether it's a ping-pong table or a video game station, an ideal workplace should have space for fun. One company where I worked had a great soccer table that witnessed some of the most exciting matches held in the company. The same company also had two basketball teams of the company fighting hard for their own departments. Get-togethers, clubs, holiday parties, sports games, and Friday afternoon salons all build team spirit and company culture. Most companies also have break rooms equipped with bookshelves, fridges, microwaves, and comfortable coffee and tea areas.

Flexible Hours and Family-Friendly Holidays

B While some companies require their employees to finish their work on time, many companies are in a position to offer flexible hours to their employees. An ideal workplace is flexible, realizing that it's more important for great work to be produced than to require people to keep busy from 9:00 a.m. until 5:00 p.m. A workplace can be family-friendly by allowing employees to take a vacation with their family whenever they want (as long as work is completed), or by allowing mothers to take a longer maternity leave, or by providing a day care center.

Great People

9 The best offices in the world are nothing without great people. The ideal workplace isn't just a comfortable office; it's the energy and collaboration from a team who are supportive of, friendly with, and dependent on one another. A pleasant environment builds quality friendships, encourages the best ideas, and creates positive relationships with customers and partners of the company.

10 Have you thought about your ideal workplace? What would you include that I have missed?



(2-2) Word List

baseline /'berslam/ n. 底线 collaboration /kə,læbə'reɪʃn/ n. 团队协作,合作 convey /kən'veɪ/ v. 传达,表达 customer /'kʌstəmə(r)/ n. 顾客,用户 decorate /'dekəreɪt/ v. 装修,装饰,布置 demonstrate /'demənstreɪt/ v. 展示;证明 diverse /,dar'v3:(r)s/ a. 多样的 effective /ɪ'fektɪv/ a. 有效的 flexible /'fleksəbl/ a. 灵活的 hire /'haɪə(r)/ v. 雇用 maternity /mə't3:(r)nəti/ a. 产妇的,孕妇的 microwave /'maɪkrəweiv/ n. 微波炉;微波 positive /'pozətrv/a. 积极的;肯定的;正面的
presentation /,prezn'terʃn/n. 展示;陈述;介
绍;赠送
productive /prə'dʌktrv/a. 多产的;富有成效的
projector /prə'dʒektə(r)/n. 投影仪,放映机
quality /'kwoləti/a. 高品质的
n. 质量,品质;特性
quit /kwrt/ μ. 辞职;离开;停止
salon /'sælon/n. 沙龙
updated /,Ap'dertrd/a. 现代化的;更新的
whiteboard /'wartbə:(r)d/n. 白色书写板
witness /'wrtnəs/ μ. 目睹;证明

Phrases or Expression

ahead of...在……之前 be dependent on... 依赖于……; 取决于…… be equipped with... 配备有……, 装有…… be in a position to do sth. 能够或有机会做 某事 be supportive of... 支持…… by oneself 独自地 come up with... 提出……; 想出…… day care 日托,托儿所 go a long way 大有帮助 make sure 确保,保证 maternity leave 产假 soccer table 桌上足球台 video game 视频游戏 Wi-Fi connection 无线网络连接 work flow 工作流程,生产流程

Understanding your reading

Decide whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F) according to Text A.

- () 1. The author wanted to quit his job because he thought it was sometimes boring and stressful.
- () 2. According to the author, a workplace should at least be safe, clean, modern, and have lots of space.
-) 3. The author thinks that a professionally designed office shows respect for the employees.
-) 4. The author's ideal workplace has open work areas, big personal offices, and large meeting rooms with modern technology.
- () 5. A pleasant workplace is not only good for relationships among employees, but also good for relationships with customers and partners of the company.

Language Focus

A Choose the correct form of the words to complete the following sentences.

1. produce, product, productive, production

- a. The group says it will introduce nine new before the end of the year.
- b. That old model of the car is no longer in ______
- c. The technology can be used to ______ interactive (交互式的) educational programs.
- d. I just wish he would do something ______ with his new computer.
- 2. stress, stressed, stressful
 - a. My job's getting more and more _____
 - b. He broke under and had to leave.
 - c. I was just totally out and afraid I couldn't continue.

3. profession, professional, professionally

- a. It's time to change your ______ for something more exciting.
- b. We keep everything ______at work.
- c. You need a complete change, both ______ and personally.

B Match the words in Column A with the appropriate phrases in Column B.

Α	в
1. convey	a. a car accident
2. witness	b. a professional engineer
3. hire	c. the company culture
4. demonstrate	d. your respect for the speakers
5. require	e. employers to provide job training

C Complete the sentences below with the correct form of the words and phrases in the box.

collaboration e supportive o	effective flexible of ahead of	positive come up wit	updated h
1. We need to make the working day	y more		
2. I finished several days	the deadline.		
3. Make sure that your website is	to the late	est version of tl	ne software.
4. As my husband, he was strongly _	my caree	er.	
5 It was close that pr	oducod usoful rosults		

- 5. It was close ______ that produced useful results.
- 6. He sounded very ______ about his chances.
- 7. We found advertising on the radio to be very
- 8. She ______a new idea for increasing sales.

D Study the *italicized* part of the example sentences and write sentences with the same structures according to the Chinese and the keywords in parentheses.

1. Example: *Whether* it's a ping-pong table, *or* a video game station, an ideal workplace should have space for fun.

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无论是画面品质(picture quality),还是声音效果(sound effect),电视机必须满足现代人的基本要求。
b.
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无论是与新顾客建立互信(mutual trust),还是与老顾客保持友好关系,正确的营销策略(marketing strategies)对一个公司的发展至关重要(essential)。

2. Example: While some companies require their employees to finish their work on time, many companies *are in a position to* offer flexible hours to their people.

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<u>a.</u>
我恐怕(be afraid)在你的新工作上不能帮到你什么。
b.
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电脑、投影仪、电子臼板(electronic whiteboard)等并没能让这个讲座(lecture)变得更吸引人或更有效果。

E Translate the following sentences into Chinese.

- 1. Considering all the diverse ways we work nowadays, I think I've come up with what I consider to be the ideal workplace.
- 2. Having a designer help think about the work flow, develop the workspace, and convey the company's culture this demonstrates another level of respect for employees.
- 3. It's easy to turn your head and conduct a conversation when you're in the same space with your colleagues.
- 4. Although open space can produce energy, sometimes you need a personal space in which you can work by yourself.
- 5. The ideal workplace isn't just a comfortable office; it's the energy and collaboration from a team who are supportive of, friendly with and dependent on each other.



Grammar

Space Prepositions 空间介词

Position Preposition 位置介词

above

■ The water came above our knees.

across

■ There is a walkway across the road.

around

The guests are sitting around the table in the waiting room.

at

■ We are waiting at the departure gate (登机口).

at the bottom of

My sister is standing at the bottom of the stairs.

at the top of

■ We are having a picnic at the top of the hill.

behind

Mrs. Goodman is standing behind her husband in the queue.

from

■ Mrs. Han is from Shanghai.

in / inside

■ Kevin is writing in a little book.

in front of

■ There is a green car in front of the building.

in the middle of

■ Steve is standing in the middle of the hall.

next to / beside / by / near

- Lena was standing beside Naomi.
- Naomi wants to stay next to her mother.
- The restaurant is near the beach.

off

■ The plane is off the ground.

on / on top of

- My coat is on the couch.
- The cat is resting on top of the TV.

Direction Preposition 方向介词

over

■ We are flying over the city.

across

■ The people are walking across the road.

around

■ A little dog is running around the room.

at

Stephen is smiling at his mother.

down

The stone rolled down the hill.

up

■ She climbed up the tallest tree.

behind

The sun disappeared behind the clouds.

(away) from

- Mrs. Cross has flown in from Paris.
- Dad is walking away from the entrance.

in / into

■ The police are running into the building.

forward

■ The green car is moving forward slowly.

through

■ Mrs. Ren is coming through the gate.

towards / to

- They are hurrying towards the convenience store.
- They are walking to the garage.

off

■ A suitcase is falling off the taxi.

on / onto

- The helicopter landed on the ground.
- The suitcases have fallen onto him.

Position Preposition 位置介词

outside

■ The taxis are waiting outside your house.

underneath / under

■ A man is hiding underneath the coffee table.

Direction Preposition 方向介词

out of

■ Stephenie's mother is coming out of the gate.

underneath / under

■ Have you looked under the bed?

很多动词(一般为不及物动词)之后都需要一个介词和一个名词表示位置或方向:

- The teacher sat on the table.
- A large bag is lying under the chair.
- She walked into the river.
- The policeman drove under the bridge.

但有些动词(一般为及物动词),本身就表明这个动作的位置或方向,因此这些动词之后不用介词:

- Mr. Zhao attended the staff meeting. (= Mr. Zhao was at the staff meeting.)
- Stephen reached the Arrivals gate. (= Stephen arrived at the Arrivals gate.)
- She entered the airport lounge. (= She went into the airport lounge.)

Exercise

A Choose the correct preposition in parentheses to complete each sentence. One is a direction preposition and the other is a position preposition.

- 1. My cousin has moved Chongqing. (out of / outside)
- 2. She used to live a very tall building. (into / in)
- 3. The windows of her apartment looked a busy street. (towards / in)
- 4. Now she lives in the country a river. (beside / towards)
- 5. There is a bridge the river. (above / across)
- 6. When it is hot the children jump the bridge into the water. (off / away)
- 7. Then they climb the bank and dry themselves in the sun. (on / onto)
- 8. her house, there is a pine forest. (Behind / Through)
- 9. Her children go to the school the village. (into / in)
- 10. Now, they don't want to go Chongqing, even for a visit! (at / to)
- **B** Put the prepositions in the box into the correct gaps in the text. Some of the prepositions may be used more than once.

around on above in beside at up from under into

ln th	e dining room, ten people sat ^{1.}	a big table and waited.	
A big, brown dog lay	the table ^{3.}	the carpet. The	
clock hanging ^{4.}	the wall ^{5.}	the mantelpiece(壁炉台)	
ticked. ^{6.}	the clock, there was a photograph of a happy, smiling couple. The		
maid(女仆) came ^{7.}	the room carrying a tray of tea. Mrs. Smith poured tea		
8.	e cups and then picked ^{9.}		
you like sugar ^{10.}	your tea?" she asked, smiling politely 11.		
the man on her right. Su	iddenly they heard a loud scream coming	g ^{12.} the street.	